

City Support Programme
A survey of corruption issues: 2013

Tabulation Report

Prepared for

Democracy Governance and Service Delivery

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1. Background to the study

1.1. Introduction

The City Support Programme project is an initiative of National Treasury to address spatial inequalities and development challenges at the city level. In collaboration with key government departments, the project aims to harness human, financial and institutional capacity to improve planning, implementation and innovation in order to ensure that cities are more inclusive and liveable, productive, and environmentally, financially and economically efficient, while also being resilient to change. This project covers areas of governance relating to citizen engagement, counter corruption in the metros as well as social and environmental management.

In this project, determining public attitudes on these issues are important since they reflected the beliefs, desires, fears and preferences of citizens. One part of the project entailed the use of the South African Social Attitudes Survey (SASAS, www.hsrc.ac.za/sasas) to determine public perceptions regarding public perception on corruption issues. National results from the survey as well as cross tabulations with key variables are presented in this report.

1.2. The Research Universe

The target population for the survey is South Africans aged 16 and over. Specifically, the target population comprised people living in households, hostels and other structures. People living in special institutions such as hospitals and prisons were excluded from the sample. The inclusion of people from these institutions would have compromised the random selection procedure. Also, past experience has shown that access to people in these institutions is extremely difficult, since obtaining permission can be cumbersome and complex.

1.3. Sample Design

The survey has been designed to yield a representative sample of adults aged 16 and older. The sampling frame used for the survey is based on the 2011 census and a set of small area layers (SALs). Estimates of the population numbers for various categories of the census variables were obtained per SAL. In this sampling frame special institutions (such as hospitals, military

camp, old age homes, schools and university hostels) as well as recreational areas, industrial areas and vacant SALs were excluded prior to the drawing of the sample.

In the sampling, small area layers (SALs) were used as primary sampling units (PSUs) and the estimated number of dwelling units (taken as visiting points) in the SALs as secondary sampling units. In the first sampling stage PSUs (SALs) were drawn with probability proportional to size, using the estimated number of dwelling units (DUs) in an SAL (PSU) as measure of size (MOS). The DU as secondary sampling unit has been defined as “separate (non-vacant) residential stands, addresses, structures, flats, homesteads, etc.” In the second sampling stage a predetermined number of individual dwelling units (or visiting points) were drawn with equal probability in each of the drawn DUs. Finally, in the third sampling stage a person was drawn with equal probability from all 16 year and older persons in the drawn DU.

Three explicit stratification variables were used in the sampling, namely province, geographic type and majority population group. Within each stratum, the allocated number of PSUs (which could differ between different strata) was drawn using proportional to size probability sampling with the estimated number of dwelling units in the PSU as measure of size (MOS). In each of these drawn PSUs, 7 dwelling units were drawn.

1.4. Data Weighting

A total of 2 739 people were interviewed during this study. The final data set was given to the statistician for benchmarking and weighting purposes. When weighted, this number represents 36 493 490 South Africans of 16 years and older. The data was weighted to the 2011 census population estimates.

2. National Level Results (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

2.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	111	5.1
	A small number of people are involved	269	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	366	12.8
	A lot of people are involved	1128	42.8
	Almost everyone is involved	789	26.5
	(Can't choose)	72	2.1
	Total	2735	100.0

2.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	279	11.9
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	494	18.0
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	397	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	604	20.4
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	231	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	514	18.5
	(Do not know)	199	6.1
	Total	2718	100.0

2.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	154	7.3
	Not acceptable	2540	92.7
	Total	2694	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	192	6.3
	Not acceptable	2495	93.7
	Total	2687	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	901	32.4
	Not acceptable	1796	67.6
	Total	2697	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	859	30.6
	Not acceptable	1836	69.4
	Total	2695	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	383	16.6
	Not acceptable	2304	83.4
	Total	2687	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	249	9.5
	Not acceptable	2436	90.5
	Total	2685	100.0
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	93	4.7
	Not acceptable	2590	95.3
	Total	2683	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	142	5.3
	Not acceptable	2540	94.7
	Total	2682	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	114	5.2
	Not acceptable	2566	94.8
	Total	2680	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	213	9.7
	Not acceptable	2464	90.3
	Total	2677	100.0

2.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	396	16.5
	Experience of friends or relatives	282	9.9
	TV reports	1345	48.9
	Radio reports	289	11.0
	Newspaper reports	268	9.0
	Other online reports or sources	34	1.4
	Whistle blowers	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	36	.9
	Total	2703	100.0

2.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		Cell %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	51.5	1435
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	58.7	1620
	Politicians at national level	33.5	949
	Politicians at provincial and local level	27.6	815
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	18.0	510
	Government officials awarding tenders	37.9	998
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	20.6	597
	Government officials issuing building permits	17.3	530
	Government officials issuing business permits	16.2	474
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	35.6	978
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	27.1	768
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	22.0	649
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	16.1	467
	Other (SPECIFY)	2.7	66
	(Do not know)	2.9	100

2.6. Personal experiences of corruption

Multiple response table		Cell %	N
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	2.5	57
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	1.2	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	2.8	69
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	1.0	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	1.8	47
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	16.0	362
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	76.3	2189
	(Refused to answer)	1.4	29

2.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		Cell %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	47.7	1266
	Too few role models among the leaders	23.2	635
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	26.0	730
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	12.4	374
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	16.0	464
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	32.9	975
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	18.0	501
	Links between business and politics are too close	16.4	458
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	24.3	672
	People are by nature dishonest	23.2	685
	Other (SPECIFY)	5.4	135

2.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	1084	40.3
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	239	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	242	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	168	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	39	1.9
	The relevant government department	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	29	1.1
	Media	256	10.3
	A traditional leader	39	1.4
	A religious leader	60	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	32	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	95	3.7
	(NONE)	103	3.8
	(Do not know)	156	5.4
Total	2704	100.0	

3. Results Disaggregated by Age Group (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

3.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		Age groups														Total	
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years			
		N	Col %	N	Col %												
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	9	3.9	29	6.0	27	6.4	15	4.2	13	2.7	9	5.9	9	4.6	111	5.1
	A small number of people are involved	34	14.6	65	11.9	71	13.1	38	7.7	18	6.5	20	7.9	23	7.7	269	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	41	15.2	94	14.4	68	12.0	50	9.5	34	8.3	45	13.9	33	22.0	365	12.8
	A lot of people are involved	92	38.3	239	39.6	240	43.4	199	47.1	141	53.0	125	38.1	90	35.5	1126	42.8
	Almost everyone is involved	53	26.6	147	25.4	158	22.6	144	29.6	109	27.8	108	32.7	70	29.6	789	26.5
	(Can't choose)	4	1.4	16	2.6	18	2.5	11	2.0	6	1.7	9	1.5	8	.7	72	2.1
	Total	233	100.0	590	100.0	582	100.0	457	100.0	321	100.0	316	100.0	233	100.0	2732	100.0

3.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %												
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	24	11.9	68	12.2	73	15.9	39	8.5	25	9.7	25	12.3	25	9.1	279	12.0
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	36	16.9	104	17.5	109	20.5	73	17.3	69	18.6	65	17.3	37	13.5	493	18.0
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	41	16.9	100	19.2	73	13.4	73	18.5	40	15.2	34	10.1	35	12.2	396	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	54	25.5	132	20.0	130	19.6	103	16.8	59	18.5	80	23.0	46	28.9	604	20.4
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	22	9.1	50	8.0	53	9.6	44	11.9	25	7.7	19	6.5	18	5.4	231	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	43	14.5	99	17.7	105	15.1	94	21.5	75	24.3	68	23.8	30	16.7	514	18.5
	(Do not know)	12	5.2	32	5.3	35	5.9	28	5.4	27	6.0	23	7.0	41	14.1	198	6.1
	Total	232	100.0	585	100.0	578	100.0	454	100.0	320	100.0	314	100.0	232	100.0	2715	100.0

3.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101 years		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %										
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	18	8.4	44	7.5	28	6.3	29	10.1	15	7.0	8	1.8	12	5.6	154	7.3
	Not acceptable	211	91.6	539	92.5	540	93.7	419	89.9	304	93.0	305	98.2	219	94.4	2537	92.7
	Total	229	100.0	583	100.0	568	100.0	448	100.0	319	100.0	313	100.0	231	100.0	2691	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	22	7.5	42	5.8	42	6.2	39	9.9	18	3.5	20	4.5	9	2.2	192	6.3
	Not acceptable	207	92.5	540	94.2	528	93.8	408	90.1	298	96.5	291	95.5	220	97.8	2492	93.7
	Total	229	100.0	582	100.0	570	100.0	447	100.0	316	100.0	311	100.0	229	100.0	2684	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	94	37.7	211	32.7	202	32.3	140	30.4	97	31.9	85	29.6	71	31.6	900	32.4
	Not acceptable	137	62.3	373	67.3	373	67.7	304	69.6	220	68.1	228	70.4	159	68.4	1794	67.6
	Total	231	100.0	584	100.0	575	100.0	444	100.0	317	100.0	313	100.0	230	100.0	2694	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	86	32.3	205	32.2	187	31.3	144	28.1	95	28.9	80	29.2	62	29.3	859	30.6
	Not acceptable	142	67.7	382	67.8	387	68.7	304	71.9	220	71.1	230	70.8	168	70.7	1833	69.4
	Total	228	100.0	587	100.0	574	100.0	448	100.0	315	100.0	310	100.0	230	100.0	2692	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	44	20.4	117	22.3	86	17.1	63	12.9	32	11.9	23	7.7	18	9.1	383	16.6
	Not acceptable	183	79.6	465	77.7	485	82.9	384	87.1	284	88.1	288	92.3	212	90.9	2301	83.4
	Total	227	100.0	582	100.0	571	100.0	447	100.0	316	100.0	311	100.0	230	100.0	2684	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	28	11.3	70	9.3	57	12.1	41	9.4	14	5.7	20	7.3	19	6.0	249	9.5
	Not acceptable	199	88.7	513	90.7	512	87.9	404	90.6	303	94.3	290	92.7	212	94.0	2433	90.5
	Total	227	100.0	583	100.0	569	100.0	445	100.0	317	100.0	310	100.0	231	100.0	2682	100.0

		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %												
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	7	3.8	25	4.9	21	6.7	17	4.0	11	5.0	5	2.0	7	2.4	93	4.7
	Not acceptable	220	96.2	556	95.1	549	93.3	428	96.0	306	95.0	305	98.0	223	97.6	2587	95.3
	Total	227	100.0	581	100.0	570	100.0	445	100.0	317	100.0	310	100.0	230	100.0	2680	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	20	8.0	43	6.1	25	4.7	19	3.2	15	8.2	13	4.3	7	1.6	142	5.3
	Not acceptable	206	92.0	539	93.9	545	95.3	426	96.8	301	91.8	298	95.7	222	98.4	2537	94.7
	Total	226	100.0	582	100.0	570	100.0	445	100.0	316	100.0	311	100.0	229	100.0	2679	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	18	8.8	32	5.4	18	5.3	21	5.1	6	2.7	8	4.3	10	2.7	113	5.2
	Not acceptable	209	91.2	549	94.6	550	94.7	425	94.9	308	97.3	304	95.7	219	97.3	2564	94.8
	Total	227	100.0	581	100.0	568	100.0	446	100.0	314	100.0	312	100.0	229	100.0	2677	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	27	13.3	60	11.8	46	8.9	27	6.2	18	9.1	16	6.5	18	12.0	212	9.7
	Not acceptable	199	86.7	519	88.2	524	91.1	418	93.8	297	90.9	293	93.5	212	88.0	2462	90.3
	Total	226	100.0	579	100.0	570	100.0	445	100.0	315	100.0	309	100.0	230	100.0	2674	100.0

3.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %												
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	23	10.6	87	17.2	89	16.2	83	21.2	44	16.0	43	14.9	27	13.6	396	16.5
	Experience of friends or relatives	24	8.0	58	8.2	82	15.1	38	7.5	31	7.2	24	8.8	24	14.2	281	9.9
	TV reports	123	55.2	303	50.9	280	46.9	210	48.0	166	49.2	161	45.8	102	42.1	1345	49.0
	Radio reports	22	10.9	52	9.6	64	11.1	48	9.4	32	16.3	31	10.4	39	12.9	288	11.0
	Newspaper reports	29	10.6	55	9.9	42	6.1	49	7.5	31	8.3	35	13.9	26	13.5	267	9.0
	Other online reports or sources	4	2.8	11	1.7	4	1.2	8	1.3	2	.5	5	1.8	0	0.0	34	1.4
	Whistle blowers	5	1.4	13	1.7	8	2.3	7	4.6	5	2.0	8	1.4	7	3.2	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	1	.5	5	.8	7	1.1	6	.4	5	.6	8	3.0	4	.4	36	.9
	Total	231	100.0	584	100.0	576	100.0	449	100.0	316	100.0	315	100.0	229	100.0	2700	100.0

3.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N												
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	49.6	115	53.8	317	50.6	312	51.5	239	49.6	163	53.8	171	48.0	116	51.5	1433
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	62.2	142	59.9	354	55.8	345	58.9	268	62.5	202	60.6	189	47.9	119	58.7	1619
	Politicians at national level	27.9	61	33.0	201	29.6	192	37.6	182	35.1	118	41.1	115	37.8	78	33.5	947
	Politicians at provincial and local level	28.1	59	25.4	168	23.5	159	30.4	158	33.9	112	27.3	94	33.3	64	27.6	814
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	18.5	44	20.7	126	14.6	106	19.1	87	18.2	62	15.6	50	17.2	35	18.0	510
	Government officials awarding tenders	36.9	83	41.1	223	34.5	206	39.3	187	39.2	128	31.7	99	38.2	71	37.9	997
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	17.9	41	22.6	126	19.3	128	18.3	108	21.6	77	23.5	66	24.6	51	20.7	597
	Government officials issuing building permits	16.9	39	16.9	103	12.7	97	19.1	100	15.3	71	23.7	70	30.7	50	17.3	530
	Government officials issuing business permits	13.1	33	18.4	106	12.3	96	17.7	85	14.0	63	20.7	52	22.6	39	16.2	474
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	35.9	79	36.9	211	27.3	187	38.9	172	36.6	119	47.2	126	38.4	84	35.6	978
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	31.3	77	27.0	158	22.3	149	25.8	132	31.2	96	29.9	91	33.3	65	27.1	768
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	25.8	55	21.2	126	17.9	126	23.1	120	18.5	85	26.2	80	36.1	57	22.0	649
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	16.6	37	14.7	87	13.4	95	19.9	87	15.6	69	14.9	46	24.3	45	16.1	466
	Other (SPECIFY)	2.0	7	4.3	17	3.0	16	1.4	7	1.5	4	2.2	7	2.7	8	2.7	66
(Do not know)	3.6	10	2.6	16	3.5	21	.9	11	2.8	12	4.3	13	5.2	17	2.9	100	

3.6. Personal experiences of corruption

Multiple response table		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N												
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	.5	3	2.7	16	3.9	14	2.5	11	2.6	8	1.1	4	.1	1	2.5	57
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	.3	1	2.0	8	1.7	5	1.0	5	.9	4	.1	2	.2	1	1.2	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	1.5	5	4.0	18	3.1	16	2.5	11	1.4	7	1.6	7	2.5	5	2.8	69
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	.6	2	1.2	7	1.0	7	1.6	8	.9	4	.9	2	.2	1	1.1	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	.7	3	1.4	10	3.8	16	1.3	10	2.1	5	.7	2	.0	1	1.8	47
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	19.3	36	20.6	108	17.6	92	13.2	57	9.6	34	11.4	22	6.5	13	16.0	362
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	78.5	188	68.5	430	73.4	444	79.0	362	83.8	270	84.4	282	90.7	210	76.3	2186
	(Refused to answer)	.6	1	1.9	9	1.5	6	1.1	6	2.6	5	1.0	1	.2	1	1.4	29

3.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N												
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	46.6	102	48.1	291	45.2	262	50.8	207	49.2	155	42.7	145	51.1	103	47.7	1265
	Too few role models among the leaders	27.0	51	25.2	151	22.3	140	23.7	111	18.1	70	18.4	66	23.1	45	23.2	634
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	19.7	58	28.5	158	25.9	157	28.7	138	23.2	83	25.2	87	23.0	49	26.0	730
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	12.3	30	14.9	84	10.6	66	11.4	69	10.3	44	14.7	54	13.1	27	12.4	374
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	11.0	36	19.9	113	14.3	93	15.0	84	15.0	52	19.5	57	14.8	29	16.0	464
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	32.2	86	32.1	193	28.2	201	34.0	168	39.8	132	36.4	114	36.6	81	32.9	975
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	15.1	44	21.0	116	16.0	102	19.8	84	16.3	62	18.5	61	14.6	32	18.0	501
	Links between business and politics are too close	19.0	44	16.9	106	15.4	91	14.9	83	18.7	50	13.3	46	17.9	38	16.5	458
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	30.3	68	23.6	147	21.3	135	24.4	113	24.2	81	24.9	70	28.2	58	24.3	672
	People are by nature dishonest	26.5	60	21.6	150	21.1	132	25.4	108	24.6	93	25.7	78	21.2	63	23.2	684
Other (SPECIFY)	4.6	11	5.1	26	4.8	23	6.9	27	5.4	15	6.8	20	4.8	13	5.4	135	

3.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		Age groups															
		16-19 years		20-29 years		30-39 years		40-49 years		50-59 years		60-69 years		70-101years		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %												
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	112	51.2	245	42.2	245	40.2	163	37.6	107	32.1	121	42.7	91	34.0	1084	40.3
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	24	9.9	50	9.2	49	9.1	48	12.5	26	6.8	27	6.6	15	5.6	239	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	23	9.2	61	10.5	54	12.5	37	6.8	27	10.6	23	8.7	17	6.5	242	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	11	5.2	33	6.4	37	7.8	31	6.4	16	4.5	26	10.0	14	4.8	168	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	2	.3	10	2.8	9	1.9	8	1.6	3	1.8	5	1.3	2	2.7	39	1.9
	The relevant government department	6	2.7	11	1.6	11	1.5	9	1.4	9	1.9	10	1.8	5	1.9	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	4	1.9	6	1.5	3	.7	8	1.2	3	.5	2	.5	3	2.0	29	1.1
	Media	18	7.5	48	8.6	52	7.1	48	15.6	41	11.3	25	5.1	24	24.0	256	10.3
	A traditional leader	1	.1	7	1.4	7	2.4	10	1.2	8	1.7	1	.2	5	1.7	39	1.4
	A religious leader	5	1.2	19	2.1	14	1.2	8	1.0	10	2.2	1	.0	3	.5	60	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	7	2.2	16	1.2	16	2.1	9	.6	14	3.5	20	4.8	9	3.1	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	0	0.0	3	.1	4	.6	1	.3	1	.1	1	.0	0	0.0	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	2	1.5	7	.7	5	1.4	5	.7	3	.1	6	2.0	4	1.9	32	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	1	.4	18	2.7	29	5.8	16	2.9	15	7.7	6	2.9	9	1.3	94	3.7
	(NONE)	6	3.9	18	3.3	22	2.7	21	4.8	12	4.3	13	5.0	10	4.1	102	3.7
(Do not know)	9	2.8	32	5.4	18	3.0	29	5.3	25	11.0	27	8.3	16	5.9	156	5.4	
Total	231	100.0	584	100.0	575	100.0	451	100.0	320	100.0	314	100.0	227	100.0	2702	100.0	

4. Results Disaggregated by sex (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

4.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	48	5.5	63	4.7	111	5.1
	A small number of people are involved	107	10.4	162	10.9	269	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	159	13.2	206	12.3	365	12.7
	A lot of people are involved	421	41.3	707	44.2	1128	42.8
	Almost everyone is involved	318	26.9	471	26.2	789	26.5
	(Can't choose)	29	2.6	43	1.6	72	2.1
	Total	1082	100.0	1652	100.0	2734	100.0

4.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	102	10.6	177	13.2	279	12.0
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	202	18.9	292	17.1	494	18.0
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	152	15.2	244	17.1	396	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	246	19.0	358	21.7	604	20.4
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	108	10.5	123	7.4	231	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	190	19.1	324	17.9	514	18.5
	(Do not know)	73	6.7	126	5.6	199	6.1
	Total	1073	100.0	1644	100.0	2717	100.0

4.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	72	8.1	82	6.5	154	7.3
	Not acceptable	992	91.9	1547	93.5	2539	92.7
	Total	1064	100.0	1629	100.0	2693	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	81	6.6	111	5.9	192	6.3
	Not acceptable	980	93.4	1514	94.1	2494	93.7
	Total	1061	100.0	1625	100.0	2686	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	352	32.1	548	32.6	900	32.4
	Not acceptable	718	67.9	1078	67.4	1796	67.6
	Total	1070	100.0	1626	100.0	2696	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	347	30.3	512	30.8	859	30.6
	Not acceptable	720	69.7	1115	69.2	1835	69.4
	Total	1067	100.0	1627	100.0	2694	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	171	17.8	212	15.5	383	16.6
	Not acceptable	891	82.2	1412	84.5	2303	83.4
	Total	1062	100.0	1624	100.0	2686	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	107	11.1	142	8.0	249	9.5
	Not acceptable	956	88.9	1479	92.0	2435	90.5
	Total	1063	100.0	1621	100.0	2684	100.0
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	37	4.4	56	5.0	93	4.7
	Not acceptable	1025	95.6	1564	95.0	2589	95.3
	Total	1062	100.0	1620	100.0	2682	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	65	6.3	77	4.4	142	5.3
	Not acceptable	997	93.7	1542	95.6	2539	94.7
	Total	1062	100.0	1619	100.0	2681	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	49	6.5	64	3.9	113	5.2
	Not acceptable	1013	93.5	1553	96.1	2566	94.8
	Total	1062	100.0	1617	100.0	2679	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	94	10.4	118	9.1	212	9.7
	Not acceptable	964	89.6	1500	90.9	2464	90.3
	Total	1058	100.0	1618	100.0	2676	100.0

4.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	167	16.5	229	16.5	396	16.5
	Experience of friends or relatives	116	10.5	166	9.4	282	9.9
	TV reports	503	47.5	842	50.3	1345	48.9
	Radio reports	110	11.0	179	11.0	289	11.0
	Newspaper reports	119	10.0	148	7.9	267	8.9
	Other online reports or sources	14	1.1	20	1.7	34	1.4
	Whistle blowers	26	2.5	27	2.3	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	14	.9	22	.9	36	.9
	Total	1069	100.0	1633	100.0	2702	100.0

4.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	51.3	578	51.6	856	51.5	1434
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	55.2	646	62.0	974	58.7	1620
	Politicians at national level	32.4	380	34.4	568	33.5	948
	Politicians at provincial and local level	26.8	334	28.3	480	27.6	814
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	18.8	222	17.3	288	18.0	510
	Government officials awarding tenders	39.8	425	36.1	573	37.9	998
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	19.2	243	22.0	354	20.7	597
	Government officials issuing building permits	16.7	223	17.8	307	17.3	530
	Government officials issuing business permits	16.4	218	16.0	256	16.2	474
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	34.0	390	37.1	588	35.6	978
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	27.4	320	26.8	448	27.1	768
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	21.4	248	22.6	401	22.0	649
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	15.3	191	16.9	275	16.1	466
	Other (SPECIFY)	2.4	29	3.0	37	2.7	66
(Do not know)	2.4	32	3.3	68	2.9	100	

4.6. Personal experiences of corruption

		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
Multiple response table							
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?							
	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	3.1	30	1.9	27	2.5	57
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	1.1	13	1.3	13	1.2	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	3.9	47	1.6	22	2.8	69
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	1.1	15	1.0	16	1.1	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	2.3	26	1.4	21	1.8	47
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	17.2	156	14.9	206	16.0	362
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	72.9	814	79.5	1374	76.3	2188
	(Refused to answer)	2.0	16	.9	13	1.4	29

4.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	49.0	498	46.5	767	47.7	1265
	Too few role models among the leaders	24.5	266	21.9	368	23.2	634
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	25.4	299	26.5	431	26.0	730
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	13.0	161	11.9	213	12.4	374
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	15.8	191	16.2	273	16.0	464
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	33.2	388	32.6	587	32.9	975
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	17.6	201	18.4	300	18.0	501
	Links between business and politics are too close	16.4	204	16.5	254	16.5	458
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	25.1	278	23.6	394	24.3	672
	People are by nature dishonest	23.2	265	23.2	420	23.2	685
	Other (SPECIFY)	4.7	54	6.1	81	5.4	135

4.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		220. Sex of respondent					
		Male		Female		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	435	41.9	649	38.9	1084	40.3
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	100	9.6	139	8.9	239	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	108	10.3	134	9.5	242	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	69	6.1	99	6.9	168	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	18	2.4	21	1.5	39	1.9
	The relevant government department	18	1.4	43	2.0	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	11	.9	18	1.4	29	1.1
	Media	106	10.2	150	10.4	256	10.3
	A traditional leader	11	1.5	28	1.4	39	1.4
	A religious leader	15	.8	45	1.9	60	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	36	1.6	55	2.3	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	5	.4	5	.1	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	12	1.1	20	1.0	32	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	35	4.1	59	3.2	94	3.7
	(NONE)	36	2.9	67	4.5	103	3.8
	(Do not know)	57	4.7	99	6.0	156	5.4
	Total	1072	100.0	1631	100.0	2703	100.0

5. Results Disaggregated by Population Group (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

5.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	88	6.1	11	2.1	6	.8	6	1.9	111	5.1
	A small number of people are involved	209	12.0	34	8.5	18	8.5	8	2.9	269	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	226	12.1	57	13.0	34	8.8	48	18.6	365	12.7
	A lot of people are involved	687	43.7	211	42.8	122	38.9	108	37.5	1128	42.8
	Almost everyone is involved	370	23.9	165	30.9	136	42.5	118	38.1	789	26.5
	(Can't choose)	45	2.2	21	2.7	3	.4	3	1.0	72	2.1
	Total	1625	100.0	499	100.0	319	100.0	291	100.0	2734	100.0

5.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	199	13.5	42	8.8	19	6.8	19	4.4	279	12.0
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	311	19.0	95	18.6	49	13.0	39	11.2	494	18.0
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	277	18.0	55	11.0	41	15.6	23	6.6	396	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	339	19.8	103	18.7	81	31.9	81	23.0	604	20.4
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	128	8.8	51	9.0	34	9.5	18	9.7	231	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	247	15.0	105	27.0	74	20.4	88	36.5	514	18.5
	(Do not know)	113	5.8	45	6.8	20	2.9	21	8.8	199	6.1
	Total	1614	100.0	496	100.0	318	100.0	289	100.0	2717	100.0

5.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	103	8.1	26	4.2	9	1.9	16	4.9	154	7.3
	Not acceptable	1493	91.9	465	95.8	308	98.1	273	95.1	2539	92.7
	Total	1596	100.0	491	100.0	317	100.0	289	100.0	2693	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	123	6.1	39	10.1	12	3.1	18	4.7	192	6.3
	Not acceptable	1472	93.9	451	89.9	302	96.9	269	95.3	2494	93.7
	Total	1595	100.0	490	100.0	314	100.0	287	100.0	2686	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	537	31.8	163	35.5	90	26.3	110	35.8	900	32.4
	Not acceptable	1059	68.2	331	64.5	227	73.7	179	64.2	1796	67.6
	Total	1596	100.0	494	100.0	317	100.0	289	100.0	2696	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	533	31.1	144	29.3	87	27.2	95	29.1	859	30.6
	Not acceptable	1063	68.9	348	70.7	232	72.8	192	70.9	1835	69.4
	Total	1596	100.0	492	100.0	319	100.0	287	100.0	2694	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	267	17.3	48	11.4	31	11.0	37	17.3	383	16.6
	Not acceptable	1322	82.7	443	88.6	287	89.0	251	82.7	2303	83.4
	Total	1589	100.0	491	100.0	318	100.0	288	100.0	2686	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	189	10.5	23	6.3	19	5.2	18	6.0	249	9.5
	Not acceptable	1398	89.5	468	93.7	300	94.8	269	94.0	2435	90.5
	Total	1587	100.0	491	100.0	319	100.0	287	100.0	2684	100.0
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	66	5.2	14	4.7	4	.5	9	2.6	93	4.7
	Not acceptable	1520	94.8	476	95.3	314	99.5	279	97.4	2589	95.3
	Total	1586	100.0	490	100.0	318	100.0	288	100.0	2682	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	101	5.6	20	4.8	10	2.8	11	4.3	142	5.3
	Not acceptable	1486	94.4	469	95.2	308	97.2	276	95.7	2539	94.7
	Total	1587	100.0	489	100.0	318	100.0	287	100.0	2681	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	88	5.9	11	3.3	7	1.5	7	2.6	113	5.2
	Not acceptable	1497	94.1	480	96.7	309	98.5	280	97.4	2566	94.8
	Total	1585	100.0	491	100.0	316	100.0	287	100.0	2679	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	173	11.7	16	3.2	13	2.9	10	2.8	212	9.7
	Not acceptable	1413	88.3	472	96.8	303	97.1	276	97.2	2464	90.3
	Total	1586	100.0	488	100.0	316	100.0	286	100.0	2676	100.0

5.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	241	16.6	54	12.4	56	24.9	45	17.4	396	16.5
	Experience of friends or relatives	172	10.0	51	11.4	41	12.2	18	7.4	282	9.9
	TV reports	767	48.4	287	58.8	151	42.8	140	45.6	1345	48.9
	Radio reports	247	13.4	15	1.0	10	2.4	17	4.5	289	11.0
	Newspaper reports	110	7.4	69	13.2	43	11.9	45	16.1	267	8.9
	Other online reports or sources	17	1.1	2	.5	7	3.3	8	4.2	34	1.4
	Whistle blowers	31	2.5	9	1.5	5	1.7	8	2.6	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	18	.7	7	1.3	5	.8	6	2.2	36	.9
	Total	1603	100.0	494	100.0	318	100.0	287	100.0	2702	100.0

5.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	51.8	855	41.8	201	71.6	216	52.3	162	51.5	1434
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	58.6	927	61.7	291	73.2	233	52.7	169	58.7	1620
	Politicians at national level	29.2	443	42.1	183	48.6	174	53.9	148	33.5	948
	Politicians at provincial and local level	23.8	373	34.7	159	45.3	153	44.5	129	27.6	814
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	16.6	245	22.8	94	22.5	96	23.2	75	18.0	510
	Government officials awarding tenders	36.7	559	31.5	173	37.4	131	52.8	135	37.9	998
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	18.1	266	24.8	116	34.9	118	32.3	97	20.7	597
	Government officials issuing building permits	14.5	237	19.5	88	33.5	110	31.8	95	17.3	530
	Government officials issuing business permits	13.4	199	20.1	91	29.1	93	30.8	91	16.2	474
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	35.2	583	35.4	146	46.6	143	36.0	106	35.6	978
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	26.0	424	26.3	125	36.3	116	33.8	103	27.1	768
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	20.5	314	27.0	141	36.2	114	25.4	80	22.0	649
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	14.5	233	18.8	83	23.1	74	24.0	76	16.1	466
	Other (SPECIFY)	2.8	36	3.5	14	1.4	8	2.2	8	2.7	66
(Do not know)	2.6	58	6.2	30	2.6	5	1.8	7	2.9	100	

5.6. Personal experiences of corruption

Multiple response table		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	2.7	39	2.1	7	2.5	7	1.4	4	2.5	57
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	1.5	19	.8	4	.2	2	.2	1	1.2	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	2.8	38	1.2	9	8.9	13	2.2	9	2.8	69
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	.8	15	2.3	10	.4	2	1.9	4	1.1	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	2.1	35	1.2	6	.9	5	.3	1	1.8	47
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	18.3	274	7.8	38	9.9	31	7.7	19	16.0	362
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	73.8	1235	87.7	434	78.0	268	84.8	251	76.3	2188
(Refused to answer)	1.4	15	.7	7	2.7	4	2.2	3	1.4	29	

5.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	48.0	752	43.0	207	57.8	183	47.1	123	47.7	1265
	Too few role models among the leaders	22.3	358	23.9	114	30.0	96	27.5	66	23.2	634
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	22.8	369	30.8	135	40.8	124	41.3	102	26.0	730
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	11.5	180	11.4	63	15.3	68	19.4	63	12.4	374
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	15.3	254	15.2	82	17.4	78	21.3	50	16.0	464
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	30.4	538	40.4	196	40.3	126	43.2	115	32.9	975
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	17.8	288	20.6	78	23.7	89	15.8	46	18.0	501
	Links between business and politics are too close	15.1	242	23.2	98	25.2	72	18.0	46	16.5	458
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	24.3	426	22.8	113	30.3	83	24.0	50	24.3	672
	People are by nature dishonest	22.5	389	30.4	138	30.2	96	20.1	62	23.2	685
Other (SPECIFY)	5.4	83	3.5	22	4.2	9	7.5	21	5.4	135	

5.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		221. Race of respondent									
		Black African		Coloured		Indian/Asian		White		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	774	46.2	166	25.5	94	22.5	50	13.7	1084	40.3
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	126	8.2	63	19.4	22	5.2	28	8.8	239	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	161	10.3	25	6.8	29	8.2	27	10.2	242	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	74	5.6	30	4.6	25	4.6	39	16.4	168	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	27	2.1	8	1.5	1	.1	3	1.3	39	1.9
	The relevant government department	40	1.7	11	2.7	8	1.2	2	.9	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	15	1.1	6	1.4	1	.2	7	1.8	29	1.1
	Media	113	9.1	52	9.9	47	22.9	44	16.3	256	10.3
	A traditional leader	35	1.8	2	.3	1	.1	1	.3	39	1.4
	A religious leader	27	1.2	23	3.1	7	3.6	3	.5	60	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	25	1.3	15	2.0	37	12.8	14	3.8	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	2	.2	1	.0	3	1.1	4	.9	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	12	.9	5	1.3	7	1.4	8	2.0	32	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	51	3.7	20	3.6	10	4.6	13	3.4	94	3.7
	(NONE)	64	3.8	12	2.2	13	5.6	14	4.7	103	3.8
(Do not know)	61	2.9	53	15.6	10	5.8	32	15.0	156	5.4	
Total	1607	100.0	492	100.0	315	100.0	289	100.0	2703	100.0	

6. Results Disaggregated by Living Standard Measure (LSM) (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

6.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	5	4.2	75	7.2	22	2.0	102	5.2
	A small number of people are involved	28	10.3	161	12.9	67	6.4	256	10.5
	A moderate number of people are involved	24	8.7	187	13.1	132	12.2	343	12.5
	A lot of people are involved	84	47.0	554	41.4	407	46.0	1045	43.3
	Almost everyone is involved	46	22.0	326	23.7	357	32.0	729	26.4
	(Can't choose)	11	7.8	42	1.7	15	1.4	68	2.0
	Total	198	100.0	1345	100.0	1000	100.0	2543	100.0

6.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	23	10.2	160	13.6	81	10.0	264	12.2
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	31	13.9	256	19.2	171	17.1	458	18.1
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	39	21.3	206	16.6	119	12.9	364	15.7
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	44	19.4	279	20.2	236	20.3	559	20.1
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	8	3.5	115	9.0	93	10.1	216	9.0
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	28	15.8	215	16.0	238	24.6	481	18.9
	(Do not know)	24	15.9	108	5.4	53	5.1	185	6.0
	Total	197	100.0	1339	100.0	991	100.0	2527	100.0

6.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	18	10.9	69	5.3	52	9.1	139	7.0
	Not acceptable	178	89.1	1249	94.7	939	90.9	2366	93.0
	Total	196	100.0	1318	100.0	991	100.0	2505	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	21	9.9	103	5.9	56	5.7	180	6.1
	Not acceptable	174	90.1	1214	94.1	932	94.3	2320	93.9
	Total	195	100.0	1317	100.0	988	100.0	2500	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	65	34.6	424	29.1	355	38.4	844	32.6
	Not acceptable	132	65.4	899	70.9	633	61.6	1664	67.4
	Total	197	100.0	1323	100.0	988	100.0	2508	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	61	30.0	420	29.9	325	32.4	806	30.8
	Not acceptable	135	70.0	901	70.1	666	67.6	1702	69.2
	Total	196	100.0	1321	100.0	991	100.0	2508	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	33	20.9	203	17.1	123	15.1	359	16.7
	Not acceptable	163	79.1	1113	82.9	865	84.9	2141	83.3
	Total	196	100.0	1316	100.0	988	100.0	2500	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	26	16.4	134	9.7	70	7.3	230	9.3
	Not acceptable	170	83.6	1180	90.3	919	92.7	2269	90.7
	Total	196	100.0	1314	100.0	989	100.0	2499	100.0
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	14	10.6	44	3.9	28	4.6	86	4.6
	Not acceptable	183	89.4	1266	96.1	961	95.4	2410	95.4
	Total	197	100.0	1310	100.0	989	100.0	2496	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	22	13.8	68	4.8	40	3.7	130	5.1
	Not acceptable	174	86.2	1244	95.2	948	96.3	2366	94.9
	Total	196	100.0	1312	100.0	988	100.0	2496	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	20	12.5	54	4.3	29	4.0	103	4.8
	Not acceptable	176	87.5	1259	95.7	957	96.0	2392	95.2
	Total	196	100.0	1313	100.0	986	100.0	2495	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	34	19.6	118	10.3	47	5.5	199	9.4
	Not acceptable	163	80.4	1193	89.7	936	94.5	2292	90.6
	Total	197	100.0	1311	100.0	983	100.0	2491	100.0

6.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	29	15.5	179	15.7	141	16.4	349	15.9
	Experience of friends or relatives	33	14.6	139	9.2	88	9.1	260	9.6
	TV reports	32	16.6	716	53.0	519	50.7	1267	49.6
	Radio reports	73	34.2	160	12.7	40	4.2	273	11.3
	Newspaper reports	13	10.7	84	6.0	151	12.7	248	8.6
	Other online reports or sources	3	3.4	9	.7	20	2.4	32	1.5
	Whistle blowers	4	1.0	28	2.3	20	3.3	52	2.5
	Other (SPECIFY):	8	4.0	13	.3	14	1.2	35	.9
	Total	195	100.0	1328	100.0	993	100.0	2516	100.0

6.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	40.1	94	53.4	693	51.6	551	51.8	1338
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	55.7	103	59.9	774	58.1	632	59.0	1509
	Politicians at national level	25.6	51	30.4	381	42.6	457	34.2	889
	Politicians at provincial and local level	25.7	46	23.1	309	36.9	403	28.0	758
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	16.6	27	17.5	218	20.3	236	18.4	481
	Government officials awarding tenders	35.2	56	35.3	453	44.0	420	38.2	929
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	17.3	27	17.7	234	27.4	298	21.0	559
	Government officials issuing building permits	14.4	22	14.5	202	24.0	273	17.7	497
	Government officials issuing business permits	19.7	25	12.3	162	24.3	264	16.9	451
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	26.4	61	36.1	472	39.0	390	36.4	923
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	20.4	37	25.7	343	31.7	334	27.3	714
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	19.2	38	20.7	276	25.7	296	22.3	610
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	22.9	41	13.5	187	21.3	215	16.8	443
	Other (SPECIFY)	3.5	5	2.4	23	3.3	35	2.8	63
(Do not know)	8.8	17	2.5	55	1.8	18	2.7	90	

6.6. Personal experiences of corruption

		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
Multiple response table									
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?									
	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	3.9	6	2.7	29	1.3	15	2.3	50
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	.5	2	1.3	16	1.3	7	1.3	25
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	3.4	4	2.1	27	3.3	31	2.6	62
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	.8	1	1.0	17	1.3	12	1.1	30
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	4.8	7	1.6	20	1.5	17	1.8	44
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	18.6	36	17.4	204	14.3	97	16.5	337
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	69.2	145	76.7	1067	77.1	827	76.3	2039
	(Refused to answer)	1.5	2	1.0	12	1.7	12	1.3	26

6.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	47.9	88	46.7	620	50.8	476	48.2	1184
	Too few role models among the leaders	25.3	49	22.0	285	25.0	258	23.2	592
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	24.8	39	20.7	283	34.9	353	25.8	675
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	9.1	16	10.7	147	16.7	184	12.6	347
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	15.3	23	15.3	218	17.6	193	16.1	434
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	33.6	69	32.2	474	33.0	363	32.6	906
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	16.7	33	18.1	234	19.5	205	18.5	472
	Links between business and politics are too close	7.7	16	15.8	207	19.8	203	16.6	426
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	22.4	54	24.5	334	25.0	238	24.5	626
	People are by nature dishonest	22.3	53	22.7	338	25.0	255	23.4	646
	Other (SPECIFY)	9.7	16	5.3	67	3.8	39	5.1	122

6.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		LSM							
		Low		Medium		High		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	86	35.4	652	47.9	278	29.4	1016	40.8
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	13	7.4	123	9.2	87	9.4	223	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	18	14.7	117	10.3	96	9.6	231	10.4
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	10	8.1	56	4.5	89	10.3	155	6.7
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	5	2.1	20	1.8	13	2.6	38	2.1
	The relevant government department	5	1.4	35	2.2	19	1.2	59	1.8
	Trade Unions	0	0.0	12	1.0	14	1.4	26	1.1
	Media	13	5.0	83	7.0	135	15.3	231	9.7
	A traditional leader	10	3.4	21	1.3	3	1.1	34	1.4
	A religious leader	2	.9	22	1.1	33	2.1	57	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	2	.8	17	1.2	67	3.6	86	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	0	0.0	3	.2	7	.4	10	.3
	Other (SPECIFY)	1	.5	13	1.0	17	1.4	31	1.1
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	13	11.6	46	3.6	29	2.2	88	3.7
	(NONE)	11	5.1	39	3.3	42	3.5	92	3.5
	(Do not know)	7	3.7	73	4.5	59	6.3	139	5.0
	Total	196	100.0	1332	100.0	988	100.0	2516	100.0

7. Results Disaggregated by Province (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

7.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	10	7.4	4	1.1	6	5.4	23	11.5	29	7.2	8	3.1	14	4.8	9	3.8	8	3.1	111	5.1
	A small number of people are involved	26	9.3	24	9.0	7	4.2	30	17.4	46	9.2	13	6.9	36	8.0	35	17.0	52	20.0	269	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	57	15.5	45	14.6	16	10.0	31	19.2	65	11.1	15	5.4	46	8.4	30	17.1	61	20.9	366	12.8
	A lot of people are involved	153	45.0	179	49.6	71	43.7	60	28.6	204	37.1	114	64.1	173	46.0	88	36.6	86	32.1	1128	42.8
	Almost everyone is involved	104	21.3	96	24.8	55	32.0	52	18.2	202	32.3	43	17.1	128	31.9	50	22.6	59	22.4	789	26.5
	(Can't choose)	6	1.4	7	.9	17	4.8	9	5.0	13	3.1	5	3.4	5	1.0	5	2.9	5	1.6	72	2.1
	Total	356	100.0	355	100.0	172	100.0	205	100.0	559	100.0	198	100.0	402	100.0	217	100.0	271	100.0	2735	100.0

7.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	26	5.0	32	9.5	18	13.9	17	9.3	45	9.9	24	12.0	60	17.2	29	14.4	28	12.2	279	11.9
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	78	18.0	46	14.7	24	12.7	60	27.6	99	18.6	62	31.4	59	17.1	38	16.0	28	11.8	494	18.0
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	33	11.7	39	10.1	27	22.6	51	27.5	78	18.2	25	18.4	68	16.8	23	12.5	53	17.2	397	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	71	19.2	80	26.9	37	19.8	51	25.7	143	22.2	48	19.4	80	16.4	47	23.6	47	16.5	604	20.4
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	23	7.9	55	14.7	13	7.6	5	2.6	45	9.9	5	1.8	35	8.5	27	13.6	23	7.2	231	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	88	31.0	61	16.1	37	19.6	15	5.3	116	15.6	20	13.1	75	18.6	42	16.1	60	23.5	514	18.5
	(Do not know)	34	7.1	39	8.0	16	3.9	5	1.9	30	5.5	10	3.9	23	5.5	10	3.6	32	11.5	199	6.1
	Total	353	100.0	352	100.0	172	100.0	204	100.0	556	100.0	194	100.0	400	100.0	216	100.0	271	100.0	2718	100.0

7.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	17	5.4	4	.9	18	8.1	5	2.3	32	6.2	17	9.1	23	10.7	9	6.6	29	12.1	154	7.3
	Not acceptable	334	94.6	343	99.1	150	91.9	198	97.7	524	93.8	175	90.9	377	89.3	206	93.4	233	87.9	2540	92.7
	Total	351	100.0	347	100.0	168	100.0	203	100.0	556	100.0	192	100.0	400	100.0	215	100.0	262	100.0	2694	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	18	4.4	11	2.8	23	9.7	10	4.5	31	6.2	25	10.5	14	3.7	25	10.7	35	13.5	192	6.3
	Not acceptable	335	95.6	328	97.2	146	90.3	193	95.5	521	93.8	170	89.5	383	96.3	189	89.3	230	86.5	2495	93.7
	Total	353	100.0	339	100.0	169	100.0	203	100.0	552	100.0	195	100.0	397	100.0	214	100.0	265	100.0	2687	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	102	28.5	104	30.0	86	48.3	72	38.4	177	29.8	78	35.6	112	33.4	80	36.3	90	30.2	901	32.4
	Not acceptable	251	71.5	244	70.0	81	51.7	130	61.6	379	70.2	116	64.4	286	66.6	134	63.7	175	69.8	1796	67.6
	Total	353	100.0	348	100.0	167	100.0	202	100.0	556	100.0	194	100.0	398	100.0	214	100.0	265	100.0	2697	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	88	21.6	79	24.0	78	43.2	94	51.7	180	32.9	70	32.3	107	29.2	81	38.3	82	27.5	859	30.6
	Not acceptable	265	78.4	267	76.0	90	56.8	108	48.3	377	67.1	124	67.7	290	70.8	133	61.7	182	72.5	1836	69.4
	Total	353	100.0	346	100.0	168	100.0	202	100.0	557	100.0	194	100.0	397	100.0	214	100.0	264	100.0	2695	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	57	22.7	29	11.5	15	9.6	37	21.9	72	15.4	30	16.1	31	11.0	34	16.6	78	31.2	383	16.6
	Not acceptable	296	77.3	311	88.5	154	90.4	165	78.1	485	84.6	163	83.9	366	89.0	179	83.4	185	68.8	2304	83.4
	Total	353	100.0	340	100.0	169	100.0	202	100.0	557	100.0	193	100.0	397	100.0	213	100.0	263	100.0	2687	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	26	10.8	13	4.5	11	8.2	16	9.9	44	9.8	20	9.8	20	3.9	31	13.9	68	25.0	249	9.5
	Not acceptable	328	89.2	328	95.5	156	91.8	186	90.1	513	90.2	171	90.2	377	96.1	184	86.1	193	75.0	2436	90.5
	Total	354	100.0	341	100.0	167	100.0	202	100.0	557	100.0	191	100.0	397	100.0	215	100.0	261	100.0	2685	100.0

		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	10	6.5	5	.9	6	2.1	0	0.0	16	3.6	12	6.3	12	5.5	9	5.7	23	8.5	93	4.7
	Not acceptable	343	93.5	335	99.1	161	97.9	202	100.0	540	96.4	180	93.7	386	94.5	205	94.3	238	91.5	2590	95.3
	Total	353	100.0	340	100.0	167	100.0	202	100.0	556	100.0	192	100.0	398	100.0	214	100.0	261	100.0	2683	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	11	2.9	11	3.7	9	9.0	6	3.7	19	4.4	16	8.5	13	2.2	22	11.0	35	14.4	142	5.3
	Not acceptable	341	97.1	327	96.3	159	91.0	196	96.3	537	95.6	176	91.5	385	97.8	192	89.0	227	85.6	2540	94.7
	Total	352	100.0	338	100.0	168	100.0	202	100.0	556	100.0	192	100.0	398	100.0	214	100.0	262	100.0	2682	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	7	3.2	7	2.2	4	1.5	1	1.2	15	3.4	9	4.6	14	4.4	21	13.3	36	13.8	114	5.2
	Not acceptable	346	96.8	333	97.8	164	98.5	201	98.8	540	96.6	183	95.4	382	95.6	191	86.7	226	86.2	2566	94.8
	Total	353	100.0	340	100.0	168	100.0	202	100.0	555	100.0	192	100.0	396	100.0	212	100.0	262	100.0	2680	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	13	7.1	19	6.7	7	4.6	20	11.2	43	10.8	27	15.4	27	8.0	17	8.8	40	16.3	213	9.7
	Not acceptable	337	92.9	319	93.3	160	95.4	181	88.8	509	89.2	166	84.6	370	92.0	198	91.2	224	83.7	2464	90.3
	Total	350	100.0	338	100.0	167	100.0	201	100.0	552	100.0	193	100.0	397	100.0	215	100.0	264	100.0	2677	100.0

7.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	25	5.4	48	15.1	17	11.5	34	18.8	99	17.0	17	7.9	90	24.8	26	13.0	40	17.4	396	16.5
	Experience of friends or relatives	31	8.4	31	7.4	26	19.6	12	5.6	71	10.4	17	9.0	39	10.9	36	16.3	19	6.9	282	9.9
	TV reports	200	56.5	205	59.6	79	43.2	107	54.5	242	43.7	95	48.8	180	43.7	90	42.5	147	53.8	1345	48.9
	Radio reports	14	7.0	52	14.0	13	2.8	27	11.0	45	13.0	46	23.0	25	5.9	27	13.3	40	13.7	289	11.0
	Newspaper reports	68	17.9	13	3.3	21	18.2	14	5.6	70	12.7	12	5.8	37	7.2	16	5.5	17	7.3	268	9.0
	Other online reports or sources	5	2.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	2.9	8	.9	2	.7	6	1.8	7	3.6	2	.4	34	1.4
	Whistle blowers	9	2.3	2	.7	6	3.2	2	.6	7	.5	4	4.3	9	4.4	12	5.1	2	.4	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	1	.2	0	0.0	10	1.5	2	1.1	12	1.8	1	.5	6	1.2	3	.7	1	.2	36	.9
	Total	353	100.0	351	100.0	172	100.0	202	100.0	554	100.0	194	100.0	392	100.0	217	100.0	268	100.0	2703	100.0

7.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	31.5	115	47.2	166	34.7	64	63.0	125	45.5	287	65.8	119	53.9	251	56.6	125	69.5	183	51.5	1435
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	52.2	207	48.1	176	49.7	80	56.7	111	66.4	367	60.4	118	57.4	265	60.3	118	68.5	178	58.7	1620
	Politicians at national level	41.1	157	30.1	106	23.7	46	21.4	51	48.0	298	21.0	34	32.0	140	11.5	30	38.3	87	33.5	949
	Politicians at provincial and local level	25.9	102	31.2	112	39.3	64	19.2	47	35.1	229	23.9	34	27.7	135	12.5	32	26.2	60	27.6	815
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	18.0	71	8.9	28	13.6	30	19.4	40	27.1	159	24.1	44	16.0	69	11.6	28	18.3	41	18.0	510
	Government officials awarding tenders	31.9	108	35.2	115	36.6	65	46.9	102	55.5	294	31.0	51	34.8	126	17.7	45	38.6	92	37.9	998
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	22.4	86	12.3	46	27.5	47	17.4	46	36.2	221	12.8	20	20.8	76	7.2	18	14.6	37	20.6	597
	Government officials issuing building permits	14.4	65	7.3	27	19.4	33	20.0	53	24.3	173	13.7	23	20.2	89	7.1	16	19.8	51	17.3	530
	Government officials issuing business permits	16.8	73	8.9	33	31.0	40	13.2	37	23.9	154	10.7	18	17.9	69	6.4	15	14.7	35	16.2	474
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	31.2	116	27.3	97	31.6	45	28.2	62	34.1	211	37.6	69	38.3	158	45.7	104	42.5	116	35.6	978
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	22.5	93	23.0	82	25.2	39	18.9	46	33.1	194	40.1	65	23.3	106	29.9	65	30.2	78	27.1	768
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	21.9	105	25.2	91	22.8	48	16.6	42	27.2	177	12.5	25	24.4	93	12.1	27	19.2	41	22.0	649
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	16.7	59	18.5	69	19.7	36	17.2	39	17.2	118	6.5	15	17.2	64	11.2	25	16.8	42	16.1	467
	Other (SPECIFY)	1.8	10	4.0	10	6.2	5	1.7	2	3.4	18	2.5	6	3.8	13	.3	1	.1	1	2.7	66
(Do not know)	5.1	17	1.1	12	7.3	16	3.3	8	2.7	12	1.6	6	2.4	10	3.4	6	3.1	13	2.9	100	

7.6. Personal experiences of corruption

Multiple response table		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	2.0	6	1.0	2	.6	1	1.1	3	4.0	15	.4	1	2.9	15	4.3	9	1.8	5	2.5	57
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	.3	2	1.9	2	0.0	0	1.1	3	1.4	8	.2	1	1.4	4	1.7	4	1.5	2	1.2	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	.7	3	2.3	8	0.0	0	2.5	6	4.6	19	1.0	3	2.8	15	4.7	10	2.4	5	2.8	69
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	1.2	6	.0	1	0.0	0	1.9	2	1.0	6	0.0	0	.8	5	2.8	7	1.7	4	1.0	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	.4	2	1.3	3	.5	1	1.4	3	3.7	16	.8	2	1.1	7	4.9	11	1.1	2	1.8	47
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	13.6	29	20.0	55	4.0	11	21.9	45	17.2	92	17.9	27	15.4	40	19.0	39	9.3	24	16.0	362
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	82.7	307	77.1	289	94.4	157	73.8	149	70.5	421	80.2	163	74.6	317	70.8	155	82.1	231	76.3	2189
	(Refused to answer)	.4	5	.9	2	.5	1	0.0	0	1.6	5	2.0	2	2.3	9	1.7	4	1.2	1	1.4	29

7.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	37.4	135	47.2	147	35.7	57	51.4	100	45.5	290	58.9	117	51.3	198	41.5	82	53.5	140	47.7	1266
	Too few role models among the leaders	27.0	96	22.1	78	14.9	33	30.1	52	31.4	189	22.2	37	17.5	65	13.2	24	25.5	61	23.2	635
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	19.6	86	26.5	92	29.5	39	33.5	65	39.1	223	16.6	30	24.7	107	25.5	55	13.1	33	26.0	730
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	16.9	57	13.6	36	18.9	28	15.2	30	16.5	116	11.5	15	7.0	44	7.9	15	13.4	33	12.4	374
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	21.3	60	14.9	58	15.7	31	16.8	32	22.6	147	11.2	19	12.4	60	17.2	33	9.4	24	16.0	464
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	39.1	135	40.9	143	46.3	65	32.0	68	31.0	198	35.7	71	23.0	108	29.7	73	43.2	114	32.9	975
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	19.6	64	15.7	57	18.2	27	26.1	44	23.3	133	13.1	24	14.4	63	14.9	37	19.7	52	18.0	501
	Links between business and politics are too close	20.1	67	16.7	50	22.0	26	13.4	29	21.5	127	18.8	35	12.1	56	8.5	24	18.6	44	16.4	458
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	21.7	71	28.8	100	25.4	40	24.7	46	26.2	161	33.6	56	19.6	83	12.2	30	33.3	85	24.3	672
	People are by nature dishonest	24.8	105	24.4	93	29.3	49	20.3	40	22.9	156	21.1	36	19.1	62	22.2	53	33.8	91	23.2	685
	Other (SPECIFY)	4.0	13	2.2	13	7.0	15	1.1	4	11.7	43	1.5	2	4.4	18	3.6	8	7.9	19	5.4	135

7.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		Province																			
		WC		EC		NC		FS		KZN		NW		GT		MP		LP		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	85	19.9	160	46.3	75	43.8	136	68.3	182	34.4	83	45.9	147	39.8	94	46.8	122	46.4	1084	40.3
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	39	8.8	30	10.0	5	2.9	4	4.2	67	11.9	28	12.6	18	6.9	24	14.1	24	8.1	239	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	24	5.8	30	11.8	10	9.5	5	1.2	72	15.3	8	5.8	32	7.8	9	4.8	52	19.2	242	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	20	10.4	15	3.7	14	5.7	11	3.5	50	8.4	10	3.9	29	8.0	14	5.5	5	2.2	168	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	12	3.3	4	1.1	0	0.0	1	.4	6	1.4	3	3.2	3	2.2	3	1.0	7	2.8	39	1.9
	The relevant government department	15	5.3	8	1.9	3	.8	6	2.7	10	1.1	1	.2	2	.1	5	2.0	11	3.1	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	4	1.6	2	.9	4	1.4	1	.2	2	.3	4	1.3	5	1.3	4	1.6	3	1.8	29	1.1
	Media	44	8.8	19	6.2	25	14.6	19	10.4	44	6.7	22	11.3	64	18.9	14	5.2	5	2.8	256	10.3
	A traditional leader	0	0.0	15	3.2	2	.9	2	1.5	2	.3	8	2.6	2	1.6	1	.2	7	2.9	39	1.4
	A religious leader	11	2.3	16	2.6	3	2.4	0	0.0	18	2.0	8	5.0	1	.1	1	.2	2	.6	60	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	9	1.4	3	1.8	3	2.1	2	1.5	19	2.4	5	2.1	43	2.6	5	1.2	2	1.1	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	0	0.0	1	.2	2	1.3	1	1.0	4	.2	0	0.0	2	.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	4	2.1	1	.3	2	.5	1	.3	13	1.8	0	0.0	6	1.0	4	1.8	1	.1	32	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	28	9.6	6	2.5	9	1.6	2	.6	21	6.5	3	1.9	12	1.8	11	3.3	3	1.0	95	3.7
	(NONE)	11	4.5	9	2.1	6	6.7	7	3.7	16	1.6	6	3.0	18	4.5	10	4.6	20	6.1	103	3.8
(Do not know)	48	16.1	28	5.4	9	6.0	2	.5	26	5.6	6	1.1	13	3.0	18	7.8	6	1.7	156	5.4	
Total	354	100.0	347	100.0	172	100.0	200	100.0	552	100.0	195	100.0	397	100.0	217	100.0	270	100.0	2704	100.0	

8. Results Disaggregated by Geotype (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

8.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	69	4.2	9	12.6	31	5.3	2	1.8	111	5.1
	A small number of people are involved	157	9.6	17	10.3	83	14.2	12	7.2	269	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	240	12.8	20	10.1	91	13.9	15	10.8	366	12.8
	A lot of people are involved	764	43.3	52	36.4	247	42.1	65	57.1	1128	42.8
	Almost everyone is involved	598	28.2	37	29.7	127	21.9	27	19.1	789	26.5
	(Can't choose)	46	2.0	3	.9	15	2.6	8	4.1	72	2.1
	Total	1874	100.0	138	100.0	594	100.0	129	100.0	2735	100.0

8.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	163	10.5	17	12.8	89	15.4	10	11.8	279	11.9
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	340	18.2	17	12.4	118	19.5	19	18.4	494	18.0
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	252	15.8	26	18.3	98	16.5	21	14.5	397	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	435	21.2	34	21.3	104	18.3	31	18.2	604	20.4
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	164	9.0	12	12.2	41	7.5	14	9.7	231	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	384	19.9	20	18.5	88	14.7	22	17.6	514	18.5
	(Do not know)	126	5.5	12	4.6	50	8.0	11	9.8	199	6.1
	Total	1864	100.0	138	100.0	588	100.0	128	100.0	2718	100.0

8.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	92	6.9	11	5.6	41	9.1	10	5.4	154	7.3
	Not acceptable	1755	93.1	127	94.4	541	90.9	117	94.6	2540	92.7
	Total	1847	100.0	138	100.0	582	100.0	127	100.0	2694	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	110	5.1	8	5.9	61	9.3	13	7.5	192	6.3
	Not acceptable	1733	94.9	130	94.1	520	90.7	112	92.5	2495	93.7
	Total	1843	100.0	138	100.0	581	100.0	125	100.0	2687	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	618	32.6	44	35.4	187	30.2	52	38.0	901	32.4
	Not acceptable	1231	67.4	94	64.6	396	69.8	75	62.0	1796	67.6
	Total	1849	100.0	138	100.0	583	100.0	127	100.0	2697	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	580	30.1	50	37.7	186	29.1	43	32.4	859	30.6
	Not acceptable	1267	69.9	88	62.3	395	70.9	86	67.6	1836	69.4
	Total	1847	100.0	138	100.0	581	100.0	129	100.0	2695	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	227	14.4	27	19.5	108	20.8	21	19.3	383	16.6
	Not acceptable	1617	85.6	111	80.5	471	79.2	105	80.7	2304	83.4
	Total	1844	100.0	138	100.0	579	100.0	126	100.0	2687	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	140	7.8	17	11.4	82	12.9	10	12.2	249	9.5
	Not acceptable	1702	92.2	121	88.6	497	87.1	116	87.8	2436	90.5
	Total	1842	100.0	138	100.0	579	100.0	126	100.0	2685	100.0
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	48	4.1	8	6.6	32	6.0	5	2.0	93	4.7
	Not acceptable	1794	95.9	130	93.4	545	94.0	121	98.0	2590	95.3
	Total	1842	100.0	138	100.0	577	100.0	126	100.0	2683	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	65	3.6	12	4.3	56	10.4	9	4.8	142	5.3
	Not acceptable	1775	96.4	126	95.7	522	89.6	117	95.2	2540	94.7
	Total	1840	100.0	138	100.0	578	100.0	126	100.0	2682	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	54	4.3	9	5.3	43	7.6	8	4.5	114	5.2
	Not acceptable	1785	95.7	129	94.7	534	92.4	118	95.5	2566	94.8
	Total	1839	100.0	138	100.0	577	100.0	126	100.0	2680	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	112	7.6	15	15.1	74	13.6	12	8.1	213	9.7
	Not acceptable	1721	92.4	123	84.9	506	86.4	114	91.9	2464	90.3
	Total	1833	100.0	138	100.0	580	100.0	126	100.0	2677	100.0

8.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	281	17.4	23	17.3	80	14.8	12	8.5	396	16.5
	Experience of friends or relatives	180	10.0	16	7.5	61	9.6	25	18.4	282	9.9
	TV reports	963	50.0	62	51.5	264	46.1	56	41.5	1345	48.9
	Radio reports	120	7.2	23	15.5	129	19.0	17	15.1	289	11.0
	Newspaper reports	218	10.4	6	2.9	34	7.0	10	12.3	268	9.0
	Other online reports or sources	24	1.4	4	2.9	5	1.0	1	1.1	34	1.4
	Whistle blowers	40	3.0	2	1.2	8	1.4	3	2.3	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	24	.7	2	1.3	6	1.2	4	.9	36	.9
	Total	1850	100.0	138	100.0	587	100.0	128	100.0	2703	100.0

8.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	50.0	966	50.5	72	57.0	339	39.6	58	51.5	1435
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	55.7	1120	70.4	83	63.6	360	49.1	57	58.7	1620
	Politicians at national level	35.2	730	35.6	43	28.5	142	30.3	34	33.5	949
	Politicians at provincial and local level	29.5	632	29.4	36	22.4	115	23.4	32	27.6	815
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	18.0	376	19.6	24	18.1	91	13.8	19	18.0	510
	Government officials awarding tenders	38.3	725	37.3	46	37.6	187	33.1	40	37.9	998
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	22.9	474	18.3	21	16.5	84	13.1	18	20.6	597
	Government officials issuing building permits	19.0	417	16.8	20	13.8	76	11.0	17	17.3	530
	Government officials issuing business permits	18.7	383	13.7	17	11.1	54	12.4	20	16.2	474
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	35.6	659	31.9	45	37.6	229	29.3	45	35.6	978
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	28.1	553	21.1	28	26.2	146	29.6	41	27.1	768
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	24.5	497	24.2	33	15.5	92	16.5	27	22.0	649
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	16.8	340	20.1	28	13.7	83	9.2	16	16.1	467
	Other (SPECIFY)	3.3	53	1.6	3	2.1	9	.4	1	2.7	66
(Do not know)	3.0	65	2.2	8	2.1	17	10.0	10	2.9	100	

8.6. Personal experiences of corruption

Multiple response table		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	2.9	42	2.5	5	1.6	9	.4	1	2.5	57
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	1.1	16	2.0	4	1.4	6	0.0	0	1.2	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	2.8	51	2.8	5	2.4	11	3.3	2	2.8	69
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	1.2	22	.7	2	.8	6	.6	1	1.0	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	1.5	28	4.3	7	1.7	10	.9	2	1.8	47
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	14.4	221	19.1	24	17.9	92	25.2	25	16.0	362
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	76.7	1516	75.7	104	76.5	472	66.5	97	76.3	2189
	(Refused to answer)	2.0	26	0.0	0	.2	1	3.4	2	1.4	29

8.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	47.2	859	49.7	72	48.5	280	46.9	55	47.7	1266
	Too few role models among the leaders	22.3	450	24.4	30	25.5	130	19.9	25	23.2	635
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	28.0	568	29.8	32	19.5	104	22.9	26	26.0	730
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	13.5	291	13.3	20	10.0	55	6.0	8	12.4	374
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	15.9	345	19.9	24	15.0	80	13.7	15	16.0	464
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	33.3	681	33.1	43	33.0	212	21.1	39	32.9	975
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	17.6	345	25.7	33	16.5	102	16.0	21	18.0	501
	Links between business and politics are too close	16.5	331	19.5	26	16.0	88	8.9	13	16.4	458
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	22.7	439	27.7	33	27.7	165	19.7	35	24.3	672
	People are by nature dishonest	23.0	462	24.7	35	23.0	154	24.8	34	23.2	685
	Other (SPECIFY)	4.3	82	9.6	10	6.9	35	4.5	8	5.4	135

8.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		Geographic location									
		Urban, formal		Urban, informal		Trad. Auth. areas		Rural, formal		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	668	36.1	61	46.8	300	49.7	55	36.5	1084	40.3
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	157	8.2	9	7.3	63	12.9	10	7.1	239	9.2
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	164	10.0	10	6.8	59	10.5	9	10.7	242	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	138	7.7	10	8.0	16	3.3	4	4.6	168	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	24	2.2	3	1.4	9	1.2	3	3.8	39	1.9
	The relevant government department	40	1.6	6	4.0	13	1.2	2	2.3	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	23	1.2	2	1.7	4	.8	0	0.0	29	1.1
	Media	207	12.5	10	7.8	28	5.7	11	6.9	256	10.3
	A traditional leader	10	.9	0	0.0	26	3.3	3	2.9	39	1.4
	A religious leader	47	1.5	3	1.9	6	.8	4	3.6	60	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	81	2.4	1	1.7	8	1.2	1	.6	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	8	.4	1	.0	0	0.0	1	.1	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	27	1.2	0	0.0	4	.9	1	1.1	32	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	70	3.6	7	2.8	14	3.6	4	7.5	95	3.7
	(NONE)	65	3.7	10	5.9	20	3.0	8	3.8	103	3.8
	(Do not know)	124	6.8	5	3.9	17	1.8	10	8.6	156	5.4
Total	1853	100.0	138	100.0	587	100.0	126	100.0	2704	100.0	

9. Results Disaggregated by Education (Weighted %, Unweighted N)

9.1. The extent of corruption in public service in South Africa

		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
20. How widespread do you think corruption is in the public service in South Africa?	Hardly anyone is involved	8	9.9	29	10.8	40	4.7	27	3.9	7	2.0	0	0.0	111	5.2
	A small number of people are involved	14	12.0	48	8.3	121	13.9	68	9.5	13	5.3	2	1.1	266	10.7
	A moderate number of people are involved	20	13.3	61	15.5	139	10.6	94	12.5	37	10.7	7	44.6	358	12.6
	A lot of people are involved	46	38.0	178	42.9	451	44.0	300	42.0	128	46.0	10	25.4	1113	43.0
	Almost everyone is involved	30	21.3	108	20.3	298	25.1	222	29.4	104	34.8	12	29.0	774	26.6
	(Can't choose)	11	5.4	19	2.2	21	1.6	16	2.7	4	1.1	0	0.0	71	2.1
	Total	129	100.0	443	100.0	1070	100.0	727	100.0	293	100.0	31	100.0	2693	100.0

9.2. A likely scenario of corruption in South Africa

		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
21. A government official has a friend that wants to apply for a job in his or her department. Please listen to the following	The official will not help the friend to get the job	16	15.4	48	11.9	115	11.2	74	15.1	23	7.1	2	6.5	278	12.1
	The official will share information with the friend that will help the friend to get the job	21	11.2	89	18.6	178	16.7	139	20.3	58	22.0	1	1.6	486	18.1
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualifications as	19	9.1	67	19.0	175	20.6	94	12.6	33	9.0	3	5.6	391	16.2
	The official will ask the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidates	20	15.3	89	19.3	249	22.0	156	17.9	67	19.1	10	41.0	591	20.2
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend - but only if the friend has at least the same qualification	8	8.7	32	10.2	85	7.2	73	10.1	28	10.8	2	5.8	228	8.9
	The official will put pressure on the manager to appoint the friend even if the friend is less qualified than other candidate	27	30.8	67	14.4	194	17.2	141	17.9	68	26.1	10	27.8	507	18.6
	(Do not know)	18	9.5	52	6.7	64	5.1	44	6.3	14	5.9	3	11.6	195	6.0
	Total	129	100.0	444	100.0	1060	100.0	721	100.0	291	100.0	31	100.0	2676	100.0

9.3. Acceptability of corrupt actions

		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
22.a A businessman giving an expensive gift to win a public tender	Acceptable	7	7.9	25	4.2	61	8.4	44	8.0	9	3.4	2	4.2	148	7.1
	Not acceptable	120	92.1	412	95.8	989	91.6	674	92.0	282	96.6	29	95.8	2506	92.9
	Total	127	100.0	437	100.0	1050	100.0	718	100.0	291	100.0	31	100.0	2654	100.0
22.b A government employee giving a public tender contract to a family member	Acceptable	13	5.1	41	6.7	71	6.9	50	5.9	12	4.0	1	2.9	188	6.1
	Not acceptable	114	94.9	393	93.3	978	93.1	666	94.1	279	96.0	29	97.1	2459	93.9
	Total	127	100.0	434	100.0	1049	100.0	716	100.0	291	100.0	30	100.0	2647	100.0
22.c A government employee giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	39	20.6	132	32.3	335	31.2	273	35.7	91	28.9	16	43.8	886	32.2
	Not acceptable	88	79.4	307	67.7	719	68.8	445	64.3	198	71.1	15	56.2	1772	67.8
	Total	127	100.0	439	100.0	1054	100.0	718	100.0	289	100.0	31	100.0	2658	100.0
22.d A politician giving a job to a family member or friend that is qualified to do the job	Acceptable	37	20.9	139	32.2	318	30.1	252	32.7	84	27.1	13	32.8	843	30.5
	Not acceptable	90	79.1	298	67.8	735	69.9	465	67.3	208	72.9	17	67.2	1813	69.5
	Total	127	100.0	437	100.0	1053	100.0	717	100.0	292	100.0	30	100.0	2656	100.0
22.e Government hosting large parties or other entertainment to improve relationships	Acceptable	15	12.5	56	15.1	149	16.8	113	17.7	38	16.2	7	18.3	378	16.6
	Not acceptable	112	87.5	380	84.9	898	83.2	603	82.3	253	83.8	24	81.7	2270	83.4
	Total	127	100.0	436	100.0	1047	100.0	716	100.0	291	100.0	31	100.0	2648	100.0
22.f Government officials staying in expensive hostels when they are on business trips	Acceptable	11	7.9	34	10.1	93	8.8	81	11.1	20	5.7	3	7.7	242	9.3
	Not acceptable	117	92.1	401	89.9	955	91.2	633	88.9	271	94.3	27	92.3	2404	90.7
	Total	128	100.0	435	100.0	1048	100.0	714	100.0	291	100.0	30	100.0	2646	100.0
22.g A police officer not giving a taxi driver a speeding ticket because he is a friend	Acceptable	3	3.3	23	6.4	35	5.0	26	5.0	4	1.7	0	0.0	91	4.7
	Not acceptable	124	96.7	413	93.6	1010	95.0	688	95.0	287	98.3	31	100.0	2553	95.3
	Total	127	100.0	436	100.0	1045	100.0	714	100.0	291	100.0	31	100.0	2644	100.0
22.h Paying a small amount of money to speed up a government service (e.g. issue a license or ID book)	Acceptable	6	5.8	30	6.4	50	5.2	37	5.3	10	3.2	2	4.6	135	5.2
	Not acceptable	121	94.2	407	93.6	994	94.8	676	94.7	281	96.8	29	95.4	2508	94.8
	Total	127	100.0	437	100.0	1044	100.0	713	100.0	291	100.0	31	100.0	2643	100.0
22.i Paying a small amount of money to a traffic officer to make a 'small' offence 'go away'	Acceptable	5	3.0	24	5.8	42	5.8	36	5.8	3	.7	0	0.0	110	5.1
	Not acceptable	121	97.0	412	94.2	1003	94.2	677	94.2	288	99.3	30	100.0	2531	94.9
	Total	126	100.0	436	100.0	1045	100.0	713	100.0	291	100.0	30	100.0	2641	100.0
22.j Claiming more hours of overtime than you actually worked	Acceptable	15	11.1	38	11.2	98	13.5	50	6.7	7	1.8	1	.8	209	9.7
	Not acceptable	111	88.9	395	88.8	950	86.5	662	93.3	281	98.2	30	99.2	2429	90.3
	Total	126	100.0	433	100.0	1048	100.0	712	100.0	288	100.0	31	100.0	2638	100.0

9.4. What/who influences views on corruption the most

		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
23. Which ONE of the following most influences your understanding and views about corruption?	Personal experience	13	11.2	59	16.3	146	16.0	112	16.5	49	19.5	8	16.9	387	16.4
	Experience of friends or relatives	22	13.7	48	9.3	114	9.6	67	10.7	27	6.4	2	26.8	280	10.0
	TV reports	51	46.4	196	40.0	559	50.6	380	52.8	134	50.1	12	28.5	1332	49.1
	Radio reports	30	20.2	85	21.0	106	11.6	46	6.2	15	4.7	4	12.0	286	11.1
	Newspaper reports	6	4.9	30	7.6	95	7.6	79	10.0	45	12.8	4	12.2	259	8.8
	Other online reports or sources	0	0.0	2	1.1	12	.9	11	1.5	8	4.5	0	0.0	33	1.4
	Whistle blowers	0	0.0	12	3.2	19	3.2	16	1.6	6	1.7	0	0.0	53	2.4
	Other (SPECIFY):	7	3.5	10	1.5	8	.5	6	.7	3	.4	1	3.6	35	.8
	Total	129	100.0	442	100.0	1059	100.0	717	100.0	287	100.0	31	100.0	2665	100.0

9.5. Which groups are most corrupt

Multiple response table		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
24. In which of the following groups do you think corruption is most widespread in South Africa?	Traffic police	59.1	69	51.1	215	50.0	548	50.4	388	59.4	173	37.9	18	51.4	1411
	South African Police Service (SAPS)	59.9	68	61.4	238	62.8	671	53.2	420	58.4	184	38.8	18	58.9	1599
	Politicians at national level	25.9	29	31.4	126	29.8	338	36.4	287	47.3	140	18.5	10	33.4	930
	Politicians at provincial and local level	11.7	17	25.0	100	26.7	303	30.3	246	35.1	122	13.6	11	27.6	799
	Judges, magistrates or prosecutors	10.0	13	16.8	60	18.6	204	18.0	140	20.5	73	10.8	8	17.9	498
	Government officials awarding tenders	22.6	26	33.9	130	34.4	375	42.5	290	51.0	143	42.8	16	38.0	980
	Government officials who can influence recruitment or promotion procedures	15.5	19	14.2	63	19.3	224	21.3	169	35.4	102	20.7	9	20.7	586
	Government officials issuing building permits	16.6	21	12.7	54	15.3	201	19.4	144	25.0	87	24.2	10	17.3	517
	Government officials issuing business permits	6.9	11	11.8	48	13.7	171	19.0	138	26.3	86	27.3	9	16.2	463
	Government officials responsible for providing official documents (e.g. birth, marriage and death certificates, ID document)	42.5	51	33.8	150	35.6	385	33.4	230	45.5	138	20.6	9	35.8	963
	Government officials issuing other documents (e.g. driver's license)	18.0	27	25.3	106	25.8	295	28.9	204	32.1	108	31.2	11	27.1	751
	Government officials responsible for providing housing	14.3	21	21.3	91	20.4	263	24.0	166	21.8	84	49.9	10	22.0	635
	Government officials responsible for providing basic services such as electricity, water and sanitation	13.4	18	16.5	67	16.2	182	15.6	114	18.3	72	16.8	6	16.2	459
	Other (SPECIFY)	2.0	4	2.2	6	1.7	21	2.5	19	8.9	14	2.8	1	2.8	65
(Do not know)	10.6	15	5.4	34	2.3	29	2.0	17	.8	2	3.6	1	2.8	98	

9.6. Personal experiences of corruption

Multiple response table		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
25. In the past 5 years, have you done any of the following?	Paid a bribe to speed up a service	8.0	4	2.6	11	1.3	13	3.1	18	3.0	8	1.5	1	2.4	55
	Paid a bribe to receive a service you are entitled to	0.0	0	1.2	5	.6	6	1.4	10	4.1	4	1.5	1	1.3	26
	Paid a bribe to resolve a problem (e.g. make a 'small' offence 'go away')	2.4	2	2.6	10	1.5	20	3.3	21	6.7	13	1.5	1	2.8	67
	Paid a bribe to avoid further harassment from officials such as police	0.0	0	1.5	7	.6	8	1.1	9	2.6	6	1.5	1	1.1	31
	Paid a bribe for other purposes	0.0	0	2.8	10	1.0	13	2.9	20	.9	3	0.0	0	1.8	46
	Never paid a bribe but would consider doing it	7.2	13	18.9	65	14.1	131	19.0	108	17.4	39	6.5	4	16.2	360
	Never paid a bribe and would never consider paying a bribe	80.9	109	76.3	355	81.9	894	71.0	556	67.6	223	78.7	22	76.4	2159
	(Refused to answer)	1.7	1	.1	2	.5	5	2.5	14	.4	2	13.3	3	1.3	27

9.7. Reasons for corruption in South Africa

Multiple response table		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N
26. What do you think are the reasons why there is corruption in SA?	Politicians do not do enough to fight corruption	51.0	63	47.5	189	47.7	494	45.9	345	50.5	140	67.6	17	47.9	1248
	Too few role models among the leaders	17.0	22	24.7	100	21.9	240	24.5	178	26.5	81	13.6	9	23.2	630
	Too many loopholes in anti-corruption laws and policies	12.1	22	21.4	81	24.1	279	25.4	216	46.5	112	26.6	11	26.0	721
	The agencies set up to monitor and fight corruption have too little power	7.7	9	11.0	49	10.8	137	12.2	99	23.8	67	12.9	9	12.5	370
	Lack of transparent and relevant information available to the public	12.0	17	13.5	55	15.4	179	16.6	139	20.1	59	28.3	12	16.0	461
	The punishment for corruption (e.g. court sentences) is too light	41.1	49	31.2	159	35.3	391	27.8	239	36.3	107	34.3	13	32.9	958
	Lack of resources to fight corruption	15.8	14	16.6	69	18.9	206	19.4	139	16.7	64	4.5	5	18.1	497
	Links between business and politics are too close	10.8	13	10.7	49	17.6	190	15.3	126	27.8	72	9.0	4	16.6	454
	Poor socio-economic conditions (e.g. poverty)	24.5	25	23.1	113	24.5	273	23.0	164	31.4	84	14.7	7	24.4	666
	People are by nature dishonest	34.7	50	23.1	116	22.6	257	22.9	179	24.6	74	17.7	5	23.3	681
Other (SPECIFY)	8.4	12	4.9	24	5.2	49	6.1	30	3.5	14	6.5	3	5.4	132	

9.8. Institutions/agencies trusted most to provide solutions to corruption

		Highest education level													
		No schooling		Primary		Some secondary, excluding matric		Matric or equivalent		Tertiary education		Other/Don't know		Total	
		N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %	N	Col %
27. Imagine that you have been a victim in a particular corruption case, and you want to complain about it. Which institution	The police	63	50.3	217	49.4	469	46.1	245	34.9	77	23.0	2	1.3	1073	40.4
	The judicial system (prosecution services and courts)	4	4.6	30	5.2	100	9.5	76	11.0	25	11.7	3	6.8	238	9.3
	Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) dealing with corruption issues	19	15.7	26	10.8	86	8.3	71	11.1	33	9.9	4	7.1	239	9.9
	Independent anti-corruption agencies (e.g. Public Protector, Ombudsman)	2	1.3	13	2.3	56	5.9	46	5.7	40	16.9	5	19.8	162	6.5
	Your political representative (Member of the Parliament, of the local Council)	1	2.2	9	2.8	15	1.4	9	1.3	5	5.1	0	0.0	39	2.0
	The relevant government department	2	.9	14	2.2	26	2.0	14	1.0	4	2.1	1	3.8	61	1.7
	Trade Unions	0	0.0	3	.8	13	.9	9	1.4	3	1.4	0	0.0	28	1.0
	Media	7	4.6	29	5.5	95	10.2	87	12.1	32	12.1	2	25.4	252	10.3
	A traditional leader	4	2.2	13	2.5	14	.9	6	1.9	1	.3	0	0.0	38	1.4
	A religious leader	2	.4	8	1.7	21	1.1	19	1.5	7	1.6	2	5.7	59	1.4
	Anti-corruption hotlines, SMS line or website	3	1.7	5	.9	29	1.9	33	1.8	18	3.7	3	7.6	91	2.0
	Use other internet platforms, e.g. wikis, blogs, social networks, etc.	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	.3	4	.3	2	.5	0	0.0	10	.2
	Other (SPECIFY)	2	.7	5	1.7	9	.6	8	1.2	5	1.3	1	.3	30	1.0
	It is unlikely that I will report a corruption case	5	4.5	16	6.2	29	1.9	31	5.2	9	1.8	2	4.2	92	3.6
	(NONE)	5	3.0	18	3.7	40	3.5	27	4.8	8	2.2	2	6.7	100	3.8
(Do not know)	9	8.0	31	4.2	55	5.5	35	4.6	20	6.6	4	11.3	154	5.4	
Total	128	100.0	437	100.0	1061	100.0	720	100.0	289	100.0	31	100.0	2666	100.0	



Human Sciences Research Council
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Service Delivery, Democracy and Governance