



CeSTII SURVEY OF RESEARCH & EXPERIMENTAL DEVELOPMENT INPUTS NOT- FOR- PROFIT ORGANISATIONS: 2003/4 FINANCIAL YEAR

Organisation	Please modify address label if necessary
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PURPOSE OF SURVEY

This survey collects information on the inputs into R&D activities in all research organisations in South Africa including Not-for-Profit Organisations. This information is needed to shape policy and programmes in support of research and development. The time period of interest is <u>Financial Year 1 March 2003 to 28 February 2004</u>.

CONFIDENTIALITY

The Centre for Science, Technology and Innovation Indicators (CeSTII) within the Knowledge Management Programme of the Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC) conducts this Survey for the Department of Science and Technology (DST). All data gathered for this Survey will be held in the strictest confidence. The HSRC, DST or any organisation associated with this Survey will not publish, release, or disclose any information on, or identifiable with, individual companies, business units or R&D units to unauthorised parties, unless written permission is granted by the organisation concerned.

DUE DATE

Please complete and return this form as soon as possible, but no later than 30 September 2004.

ASSISTANCE

If you have any problems in completing this form and/or in meeting the due date, please do not hesitate to contact the survey managers for assistance:

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Person completing this form:

Name (Please Print)	
Designation	
Signature	
Date	

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THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS ARE IMPORTANT IN THE COMPLETION OF THE SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE: WHAT IS R&D?

Definition

This survey follows the approach of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), which defines Research and Experimental Development (R&D) as creative work undertaken on a systematic basis in order to increase the stock of knowledge, including knowledge of humanity, culture and society, and the use of this stock of knowledge to devise new applications.

The basic criterion for distinguishing R&D from related activities is the presence in R&D of an appreciable element of novelty and the resolution of scientific and/or technological uncertainty, i.e. when the solution to a problem is not readily apparent to someone familiar with the basic stock of commonly used knowledge and techniques in the area concerned.

R&D Includes - but is not limited to:

Activities of personnel who are obviously engaged in R&D. In addition, R&D activity includes:

- The provision of professional, technical, administrative or clerical support and/or assistance to personnel directly engaged in R&D
- Management of personnel who are either directly engaged in R&D or are providing technical, professional and clerical support to those performing R&D
- Software development where the aim of the project is the systematic resolution of a scientific or technological uncertainty.
- Research work in the biological, physical and social sciences, and the humanities
- Social science research includes economic, cultural, educational, psychological and sociological research
- Research work in engineering and the medical sciences
- R&D carried out as a participant in any unincorporated joint venture
- R&D projects performed on contract for other legal entities, such as businesses
- "Feedback R&D" directed at solving problems occurring beyond the original R&D phase, for example technical problems arising during initial production runs.

R&D in Not-for-profit Organisations

 Any activity classified as R&D is characterised by originality; it should have investigation as a primary objective and should have the potential to produce results that are sufficiently general for humanity's stock of knowledge (theoretical and/or practical) to be recognisably increased.

Scope of survey

- The survey requests data performed IN-HOUSE by your organisation on the National territory of South Africa.
- Part five asks some questions on "out-sourced R&D"

R&D Excludes:

The following specific activities are excluded, except where they are used primarily for the support of, or as part of, R&D activities performed by your organisation:

- Scientific and technical information services
- Engineering and technical services
- General purpose or routine data collection
- Standardisation and routine testing
- Feasibility studies (except into R&D projects)
- Specialised routine medical care, for example routine pathology services
- The commercial, legal and administrative aspects of patenting, copyrighting or licensing activities
- Routine computer programming, systems work or software maintenance where there are no technological uncertainties to be resolved.

PART 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

Parent Organisation (if applicable) Name of Organisation Total number of employees working for your organisation in the financial	
2. Name of Organisation 3. Total number of employees working for your organisation in the financial	
3. Total number of employees working for your organisation in the financial	· <u></u>
3. Total number of employees working for your organisation in the financial	
3. Total number of employees working for your organisation in the financial	
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year surveyed (average number on payroll including full time and temporary	
personnel)	
	3
4. Did the Organisation perform any IN-HOUSE R&D during 2002/3?	
 In-house R&D refers to R&D performed at this business on its own behalf or on behalf of others. 	
 Only R&D performed on the national territory of South Africa should be recorded. 	
(please tick)	
Yes Please proceed to Part 2: Question 5	
No Please proceed to Part 5: Question 12 on Outsourced R&D	
Trease proceed to Fair 5. Question 12 on outstand	
If your organisation does not do any In-House and Outsourced R&D, please indicate and return	the
If your organisation does <i>not</i> do any In-House and Outsourced R&D, please indicate and return questionnaire as a NIL response.	the

PART 2: R&D PERSONNEL

Please report for all personnel for whom the Organisation pays payroll tax. Researchers

- Professionals engaged in the conception or creation of new knowledge, products, processes, methods and systems and also in the management of the projects concerned.
- Managers and administrators engaged in the planning and management of the scientific and technical aspects of
 a researcher's work also fall into this category. Their rank is usually equal or superior to that of persons directly
 employed as researchers and they are often former or part-time researchers.

Excluding

Managers and directors concerned primarily with budgets and human resources, rather than project content.

Technicians directly supporting R&D

- Persons doing technical tasks in support of R&D, normally under the direction and supervision of a researcher. Other personnel directly supporting R&D
- Skilled and unskilled crafts workers.
- Secretarial, administrative and clerical personnel working on, or directly associated with, R&D activity.
- · Executives and directors concerned primarily with budgets and human resources, rather than project content.
- Personnel working in, or supporting, library and information services.

5. Please provide the <u>Headcount</u> of all R&D personnel and an estimate of <u>Person Years of effort on R&D (or Full-Time Equivalents)</u>, according to the categories below.

Note: For the purpose of this survey, an employee can only work one person year per year. For example, a full time employee spending 40% of his/her time on R&D during half of the survey year would contribute 0.4 persons x 0.5 years = 0.2 person years to the R&D effort, even if his/her average time per week was, for example 60 hours. A part-time employee working 40% of a full time year doing only R&D would contribute 0.4 person years to the R&D effort.

Personnel Categories	Head-count		Head- count	Person Years on R&D (FTE)
M F	Total	(112)		
Researchers				_
Technicians directly supporting R&D				
Other personnel directly supporting R&D				
TOTALS				

6. Provide or calculate (using question 5) the total labour cost of R&D for your Organisation.

Personnel Categories	Person Years on R&D (FTE)	Average annual labour cost per person R'000s	Calculated labour cost of R&D
		e.g. record R3 million as 3000	
	(A)	(B)	(A x B)
Researchers			
Technicians directly supporting R&D			
Other personnel directly supporting R&D			
TOTAL LABOUR COST OF R&D (R' 000 Excluding	g VAT)		

PART 3: IN-HOUSE R&D EXPENDITURE

PLEASE REPORT OUTSOURCED R&D EXPENDITURE IN PART 5.

7. Compile expenditure on IN-HOUSE R&D during Financial Year 2003/4. Include expenditure funded from all sources: internal and external (contracts and grants) and undertaken by the Organisation on its own behalf or for other parties.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ON R&D

- The full price of capital expenses must be reported in the year of purchase. (Do not depreciate)
- If the asset has been/will be used for more than one activity, include only an estimate of the portion used for R&D.

Including - but not limited to:

- Expenditure on fixed assets used in the R&D projects of this dept/unit
- Acquisition of software, including fees, expected to be used for more than one year
- Purchase of databases expected to be used for more than one year
- Major repairs, improvements and modifications on land and buildings.

Excluding;

- Other repairs and maintenance expenses
- Depreciation provisions
- Proceeds from the sale of R&D assets.

		R'000 Excluding VAT					
Vehicles, plant, machinery and equipment	Α						
Land, buildings and other structures	В						

LABOUR COST OF R&D - TOTAL COST TO ORGANISATION

· If the costs have been incurred for more than one activity, include only an estimate of the portion used for R&D.

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Labour Costs (carried over from Question 6)		Ç						

OTHER CURRENT EXPENDITURE ON R&D

Including - but not limited to:

- · Materials, fuels and other inputs
- · Water, electricity and other overheads
- Rent, leasing and hiring expenses
- Repair and maintenance expenses
- Payments to outside organisations for use of specialised testing facilities
- Payments to outside organisations for analytical work, engineering or other specialised services in support of R&D projects carried out by this department/unit
- Commission/consultant expenses for research projects carried out by this department / unit
- Other R&D expenses & indirect costs.

Excluding:

- Contract R&D expenses where the research project is carried out elsewhere by others on behalf of this department
- Payments for purchases of technical know-how
- Payments for patent searches
- Depreciation provisions.

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Other Current Expenditure	D					

	R'000 Excluding VAT						
TOTAL R&D EXPENDITURE $(A + B + C + D)$							

8. Please provide a breakdown of the total R&D expenditure (as reported in question 7) according to sources of funds.

- Sources should be the original sources providing funds.
- Funds received from other intermediary sources that are funded from several sources should be reported under "Other domestic sources".

Including - but not limited to:

Funding from grants, contracts, commissions, donations, annuities & subscriptions, etc.

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Organisation own funds				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. :		
Own Funds (internally generated funds)							
Government							
National / Provincial government							
Science Councils & Agency Funding (e.g. THRIP, Innovatio	n Fund)						
TOTAL							
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Business		•				•	
Business (Domestic only)							
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Universities, Technikons, Colleges							
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Other domestic sources							
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Foreign sources (all sources including foreign business)							
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TOTAL R&D EXPENDITURE (to correspond with Question	n 7)				· · ·		
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PART 4: CATEGORIES OF R&D EXPENDITURE

9. Please specify the percentage of total IN-HOUSE R&D expenditure by type of R&D (as applicable).

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- Work undertaken primarily to acquire new knowledge of the underlying foundations of phenomena and observable facts, without a specific application in view.
- Analyses of properties, structures, and relationships with a view to formulating and testing hypotheses, theories or laws.
- The results of basic research are not generally sold but are usually published in scientific journals or circulated to interested colleagues.
- Work carried out without looking for long-term economic or social benefits other than the advancement of knowledge.

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Strategic Basic Research

- Basic research directed into specific broad areas in expectation of useful discoveries.
- Basic research providing the broad base of knowledge necessary for the solution of recognised practical problems.

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Applied Research

- Original investigation to acquire new knowledge with a specific application in view.
- To determine the possible uses for the findings of basic research.
- · To determine new methods or ways of achieving specific and pre-determined objectives.
- The results of applied research are intended primarily to be valid for a single or limited number of products, operations, methods, or systems.
- Applied research develops ideas into operational form.
- · The knowledge or information derived from it is often patented but may also be kept secret.

	Per	rcent	age_
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Experimental Development

 Systematic work using existing knowledge gained from research and/or practical experience for the purpose of creating new or improved materials, products, processes or services, or improving substantially those already produced or installed.

Per	cent:	age

TOTAL

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10. Please classify your R&D activities according to the most appropriate Research Fields (RF) code (see Codes book) and indicate the percentage of R&D expenditure associated with each RF.

- The RF Codes are based on recognised academic disciplines and emerging areas of study.
- · The classification of R&D using RF codes is a generally accepted international convention.
 - More than one RF code may be provided, together with an associated percentage split.

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TOTAL		•	1 2
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11. Please classify your R&D expenditure according to the most appropriate group code of Socio-Economic Objective (SEO) (see Codes book) and indicate the percentage of R&D expenditure associated with each SEO.

- The SEO classification provides an indication of the sector of the national economy which will be the main beneficiary of the R&D you are practising
- The classification of R&D using SEO codes is a generally accepted international convention.
- More than one SEO code may be provided, together with an associated percentage split.

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PART 5: R&D OUTSOURCED / CONTRACTE	D OUT	1.4%				·
Outsourced R&D refers to:		•				
 Extramural expenditures paid or committed to another. 						
 This includes acquisition of R&D performed by oth 	er units and grants giv	ven to ot	hers for	perfon	ming R&	žD_
12 Please state the amount spent on D&D outson	rand autoida					
South Africa	rceu outside	R'	000 (E	xeludi	ing VAT	(1)
This includes acquisition of R&D performed by other units and grade. 2. Please state the amount spent on R&D outsourced outside south Africa. 3. Please state the amount spent on R&D outsourced inside south Africa. 4. It would assist the Survey if you could advise of some / all outsourced R&D in South Africa and possibly indicate your a						
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